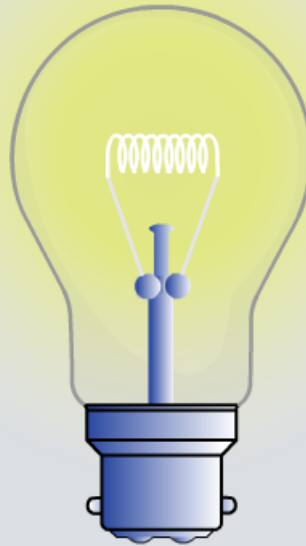


Calculating Resistance

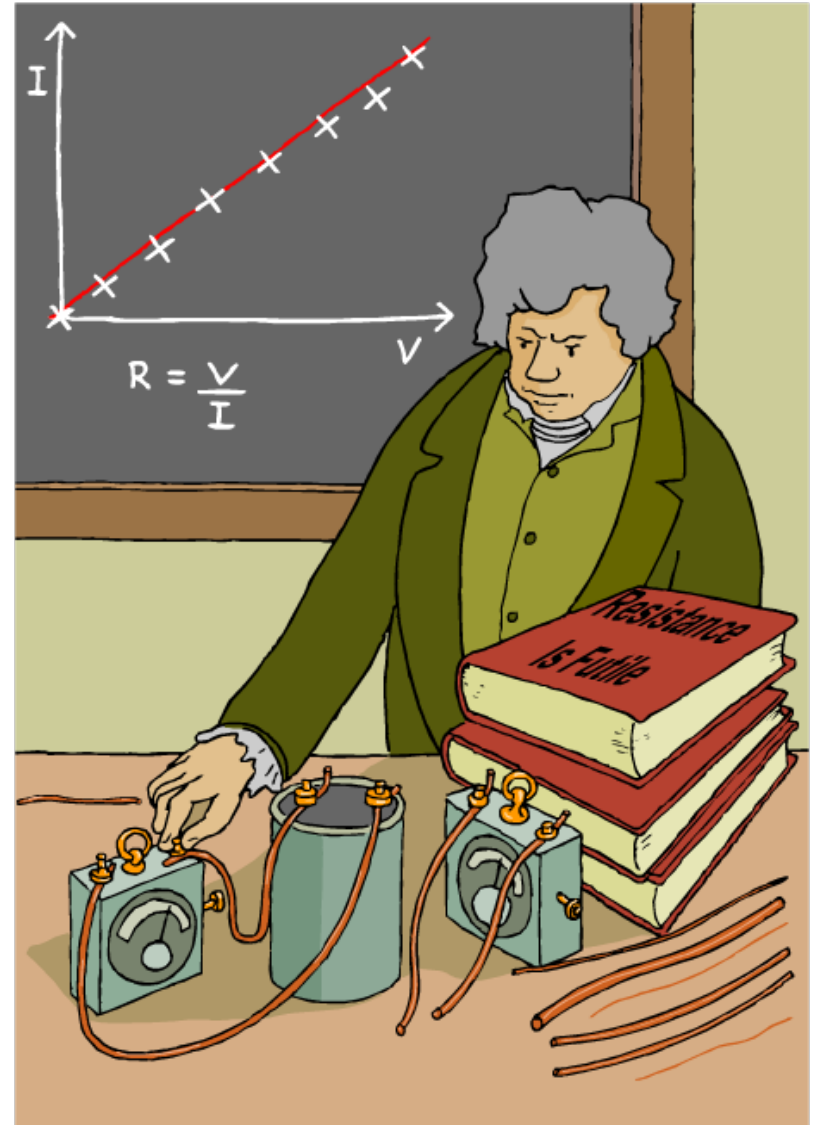


The irresistible Georg Ohm

Resistance is a measure of how hard it is for electrons to move in an electrical circuit.

The connection between current, voltage and resistance was discovered in 1827 by **Georg Ohm**, a German physics and math teacher.

The formula $V = IR$ is known as **Ohm's Law**. It was such an important discovery in electricity that the unit of resistance is called the **ohm**. This unit is represented by the symbol Ω .



What is the formula/equation for Ohm's law?

Ohm's law is usually written as:

$$\text{voltage} = \text{current} \times \text{resistance}$$
$$V = I \times R$$

This formula can also be written as:

$$\text{resistance} = \frac{\text{voltage}}{\text{current}}$$
$$R = \frac{V}{I}$$

What are the units of voltage, current and resistance?

- Voltage is measured in **volts** (V).
- Current is measured in **amps** (A).
- Resistance is measured in **ohms** (Ω).



What does Ohm's Law show?

What do the different arrangements of Ohm's law show about the links between current, voltage and resistance?

$$V = I \times R$$

This version of Ohm's Law shows that as the voltage increases, the current increases. The voltage and current are proportional, while the resistance remains constant.

$$R = V / I$$

The voltage and current are proportional, so the resistance of a material is constant, as long as the temperature does not change.

$$I = V / R$$

For a low resistance material, more current will flow for a given voltage.
For a high resistance material, less current will flow at the same voltage.

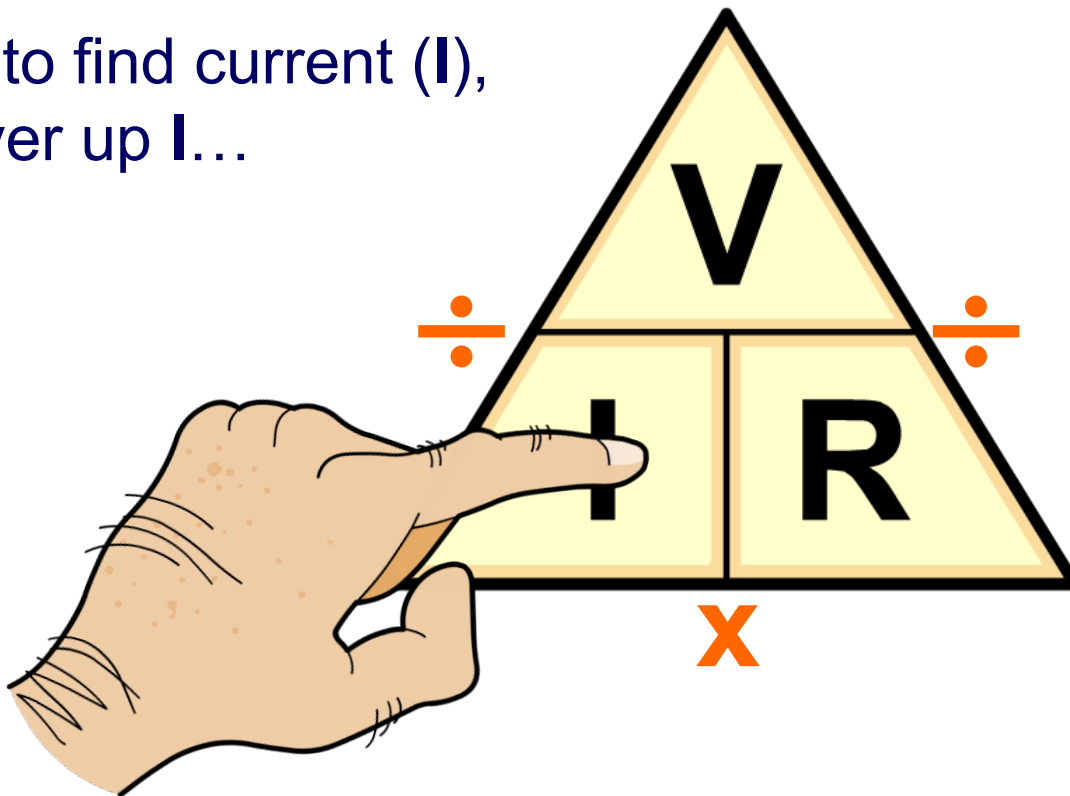


Resistance formula triangle

A formula triangle helps you to rearrange a formula.
The formula triangle for $V = IR$ is shown below.

Cover up the quantity that you have to find. This gives the formula needed.

So to find current (I),
cover up I ...



...which gives
the formula...

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

Calculating the resistance of a bulb

A filament bulb has a current of 0.2A running through it, with a potential difference of 5V across it.

What is the resistance of the filament in the bulb?

$$V = IR$$

$$R = \frac{V}{I}$$

$$= \frac{5V}{0.2A}$$

$$= 25 \Omega$$





You will need this equation to answer the following questions about resistance.

$$\text{voltage} = \text{current} \times \text{resistance}$$

Click "start" to begin.

start

